

CTFL-AT

ISTQB Certified Tester Foundation Level -Agile Tester

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Exam Summary Syllabus Questions



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Key to success in CTFL-AT Exam on ISTQB Certified Tester Foundation Level - Agile Tester

To achieve the professional designation of ISTQB Certified Tester Foundation Level - Agile Tester from the ISTQB, candidates must clear the CTFL-AT Exam with the minimum cutoff score. For those who wish to pass the ISTQB CTFL-AT certification exam with good percentage, please take a look at the following reference document detailing what should be included in ISTQB Agile Tester Exam preparation.

The ISTQB CTFL-AT Exam Summary, Body of Knowledge (BOK), Sample Question Bank and Practice Exam provide the basis for the real ISTQB Certified Tester Foundation Level - Agile Tester exam. We have designed these resources to help you get ready to take ISTQB Certified Tester Foundation Level - Agile Tester (CTFL-AT) exam. If you have made the decision to become a certified professional, we suggest you take authorized training and prepare with our online premium <u>ISTQB Agile Tester Practice Exam</u> to achieve the best result.

Exam Name	ISTQB Certified Tester Foundation Level - Agile Tester				
Exam Code	CTFL-AT				
Exam Fee	USD \$200				
Exam Duration	60 Minutes				
Number of Questions	40				
Passing Score	65%				
Format	Multiple Choice Questions				
Books / Trainings	<u>Trainings</u>				
Schedule Exam	Pearson VUE				
Sample Questions	ISTQB CTFL-AT Exam Sample Questions and Answers				
Practice Exam	ISTQB Certified Tester Foundation Level - Agile Tester Practice Test				

ISTQB CTFL-AT Certification Details:



ISTQB CTFL-AT Exam Syllabus:

Domain	Details						
Agile Software Development							
	- Recall the basic concept of Agile software development						
The Eurodemontals of Asile	based on the Agile Manifesto						
The Fundamentals of Agile	- Understand the advantages of the whole-team						
Software Development	approach						
	 Understand the benefits of early and frequent feedback 						
	 Recall Agile software development approaches Write testable user stories in collaboration with 						
	developers and business representatives						
	- Understand how retrospectives can be used as a						
Aspects of Agile Approaches	mechanism for process improvement in Agile projects						
	- Understand the use and purpose of continuous						
	integration - Know the differences between iteration and release						
	planning, and how a tester adds value in each of these activities						
Eundomontol Agilo Tostin							
rundamental Agrie Testing	g Principles, Practices, and Processes						
	- Describe the differences between testing activities in						
The Differences between	Agile projects and non-Agile projects						
Testing in Traditional and	- Describe how development and testing activities are						
Agile Approaches	integrated in Agile projects						
5 11	- Describe the role of independent testing in Agile						
	projects						
	- Describe the tools and techniques used to						
Chatus of Tosting in Agila	communicate the status of testing in an Agile project,						
Status of Testing in Agile	including test progress and product quality						
Projects	- Describe the process of evolving tests across multiple						
	iterations and explain why test automation is important						
	to manage regression risk in Agile projects						
Role and Skills of a Tester in	- Understand the skills (people, domain, and testing) of						
an Agile Team	a tester in an Agile team						
	- Understand the role of a tester within an Agile team						
Agile Testing Methods, Te							
	- Recall the concepts of test-driven development,						
	acceptance test-driven development, and behavior-						
	driven development						
Agile Testing Methods	- Recall the concepts of the test pyramid						
	- Summarize the testing quadrants and their						
	relationships with testing levels and testing types						
	- For a given Agile project, practice the role of a tester						
	in a Scrum team						
Assessing Quality Risks and	- Assess quality risks within an Agile project						
Estimating Test Effort	- Estimate testing effort based on iteration content and						
	quality risks						



Techniques in Agile Projects	 Interpret relevant information to support testing
	activities
	 Explain to business stakeholders how to define
	testable acceptance criteria
	 Given a user story, write acceptance test-driven
	development test cases
	- For both functional and non-functional behavior, write
	test cases using black box test design techniques based
	on given user stories
	 Perform exploratory testing to support the testing of
	an Agile project
Tools in Agile Projects	- Recall different tools available to testers according to
	their purpose and to activities in Agile projects

CTFL-AT Sample Questions:

01. Which of the following statements is FALSE with respect to exploratory testing?

a) Exploratory testing encompasses concurrent learning, test design, and execution.

b) Exploratory testing eliminates the need for testers to prepare test ideas prior to test execution.

c) Best results are achieved when exploratory testing is combined with other test strategies.

d) Exploratory testers need to have a solid understanding of the system under test

02. The business advises during iteration 5 planning that they require changes to the system delivered in iteration 3. Of the following activities, which would need to be done first to minimize the introduction of regression risk when this feature is changed?

a) Review and update all manual and automated tests impacted by this change to meet the new acceptance criteria.

b) Write new manual and automated tests for the feature and add them to the regression test suite.

c) Automate all test cases from the previous iteration and add them to the automated regression test suite.

d) Increase the amount of test automation around the system to include more detailed test conditions.

03. Which tasks are typically expected of a tester on an agile project?

i. decide on user acceptance

ii. design, create and execute appropriate tests

iii. schedule defect reports for analysis

iv. automate and maintain tests

v. improve program logic by pair programming

a) i & iii

b) ii & iii

c) ii & iv

d) ii & v



04. Which of the following demonstrates effective use of the testing quadrant?

a) When communicating test ideas, the tester can refer to the matching test quadrant, so that the rest of the team will better understand the purpose of the test.

b) The tester can use the types of tests described in the testing quadrants as a coverage metric, the more tests covered from each quadrant, the higher the test coverage.

c) The team should pick a number of tests expected from each quadrant, and the tester should design and execute those tests to ensure all levels and types of tests have been executed

d) The tester can use the testing quadrants during risk analysis; with the lower level quadrants representing lower risk to customer.

05. Which TWO of the following are examples of testable acceptance criteria for test related activities?

Select TWO options.

a) Structure based testing: White box testing in addition to black box testing is used.

b) System testing: At least 80% of functional regression tests are automated.

c) Security testing: A threat risk analysis scan is completed with no faults identified.

d) Performance testing: The application is responding in a reasonable amount of time with 5000 users.

e) Compatibility testing: The application is working on all major browsers.

06. During an iteration planning meeting, the team is sharing their thoughts about a user story. The product owner advises that the customer should have one screen to enter information.

The developer explains that there are technical limitations for the feature, due to the amount of information needed to be captured on the screen. Another developer says that there are risks about performance as the information will be stored in an external offsite database.

Which of the following would best represent a tester's contribution to this discussion?

a) The tester advises that the screen for the user story needs to be a single page to reduce test automation effort.

b) The tester advises that usability is more important than performance

c) The tester advises that performance acceptance criteria should standard maximum

of 1 second for data storage.

d) The tester advises that the user story needs acceptance criteria to be testable.

07. Which of the following is NOT a typical task performed by the tester within an agile team?

a) To automate tests and maintain them

b) To mentor and coach other team members

- c) To produce and update burndown charts
- **d)** To participate in code analyzing activities



08. Which of the following statements best reflects one of the values of the Agile Manifesto?

a) Working software allows the customer to provide rapid feedback to the developer.

b) Developers should use unit testing tools to support the testing process.

c) Business representatives should provide a backlog of user stories and their estimates to the team.

d) Adopting plans to change adds no real value to an agile project.

09. Given the following user story: "An online application charges customers to ship purchased items, based on the following criteria:

- Standard shipping costs for under 6 items

- Shipping is \$5 for 6-10 items.
- Shipping is free for more than 10 items.

Which of the following is the best black box test design technique for the user story?

a) State Transition testing: Test the following states – browsing, logged in, selecting, purchasing, confirming, and exiting

b) Decision tables: Test the following conditions – User logged in; At least 1 item in cart; Purchase confirmed; Funding approved; with the resulting action of – Ship Item.

c) Boundary Value Analysis: Test the following inputs – 0,5,6,10,11,max

d) Use Case Testing: Actor=customer; Prerequisites=customer logs in, selects and purchases items; Postconditions= items are shipped.

10. Which of the following activities would a tester do during release planning?

a) Produce a list of acceptance tests for user stories

- **b)** Help break down user stories into smaller and more detailed tasks.
- c) Estimate testing tasks generated by new features planned for this iteration.
- **d)** Support the clarification of the user stories and ensure that they are testable

Answers to CTFL-AT Exam Questions:

Question: 01	Question: 02	Question: 03	Question: 04	Question: 05
Answer: b	Answer: a	Answer: c	Answer: a	Answer: b, c
Question: 06	Question: 07	Question: 08	Question: 09	Question: 10
Answer: d	Answer: c	Answer: a	Answer: c	Answer: c

Note: If you find any typo or data entry error in these sample questions, we request you to update us by commenting on this page or write an email on feedback@processexam.com